SHARP

TECHNICAL   LITERATURE

FOR

TFT - LCD   module

These parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

MODEL No. LQ10D36A

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ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT
MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY DIVISION
MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP
SHARP CORPORATION

RECORDS OF REVISION

LQ10D36A

SPEC No.	DATE	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE
LD-19Z53A	DEC. 7. 2007	-	-	1 st Issue

1. Application
   This technical literature applies to color TFT-LCD module, LQ10D36A

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2. Overview
   This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit and power supply circuit and a backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 640× 3× 480 dots panel with 262,144 colors by supplying 18 bit data signal (6bit/color), four timing signals,+3.3V/ +5.0V DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for backlight.
   The TFT-LCD panel used for this module is a low-reflection and higher-color-saturation type. Therefore, this module is also suitable for the multimedia use. Optimum viewing direction is 6 o'clock.
   <u>Backlight-driving DC/AC inverter is not built in this module.</u>

3. Mechanical Specifications

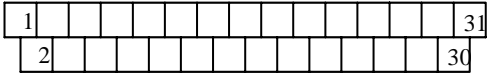| Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	26 (10.4") Diagonal	cm
Active area	211.2(H)× 158.4(V)	mm
Pixel format	640(H)× 480(V)	pixel
	(1 pixel R G B dots)	
Pixel pitch	0.330(H)× 0.330(V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally white	
Unit outline dimensions *1	246.5(W)× 179.4(H)× 11.0max(D)	mm
Mass	520(max)	g
Surface treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H	

*1.Note: excluding backlight cables.

Outline dimensions is shown in Fig.1(TBD)

4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

Used connector   DF9MA-31P-1V(32) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

CN1   Corresponding connector   DF9-31S-1V(32)   (   )

DF9A-31S-1V(22)   (   )

DF9B-31S-1V(32)   (   )

DF9M-31S-1V(32)   (   )

CN1 pin arrangement from module surface

(Transparent view)

Do not use it besides corresponding conector.

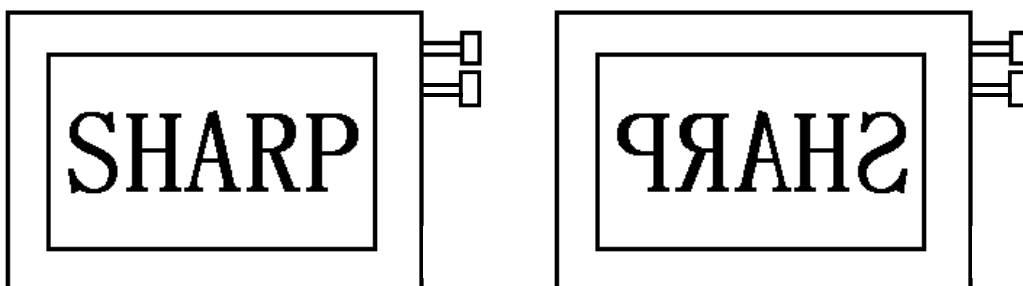| Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	GND		
2	CK	Clock signal for sampling each data signal	
3	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous signal	Note1
4	Vsync	Vertical synchronous signal	Note1
5	GND		
6	R0	data signal(LSB	
7	R1	data signal	
8	R2	data signal	
9	R3	data signal	
10	R4	data signal	
11	R5	data signal(MSB)	
12	GND		
13	G0	data signal(LSB	
14	G1	data signal	
15	G2	data signal	
16	G3	data signal	
17	G4	data signal	
18	G5	data signal(MSB)	
19	GND		
20	B0	data signal(LSB)	
21	B1	data signal	
22	B2	data signal	
23	B3	data signal	
24	B4	data signal	
25	B5	data signal(MSB)	
26	GND		
27	ENAB	Signal to settle the horizontal display position	Note2
28	Vcc	3.3/5.0V power supply	
29	Vcc	3.3/5.0V power supply	
30	R/L	Horizontal display mode select signal	Note3
31	U/D	Vertical display mode select signal	Note4

The shielding case is connected with GND.

Note1   480 line, 400 line or 350 line mode

is selected by the polarity combination

of the both synchronous signals.

Mode	480 lines	400 lines	350 lines
Hsync	Negative	Negative	Positive
Vsync	Negative	Positive	Negative

Note2   The horizontal display start timing is settled in

accordance with a rising timing of ENAB signal. In case ENAB is fixed "Low", the horizontal start

timing is determined as described in 7-2. Do not keep ENAB "High" during operation.

Note3   Note4
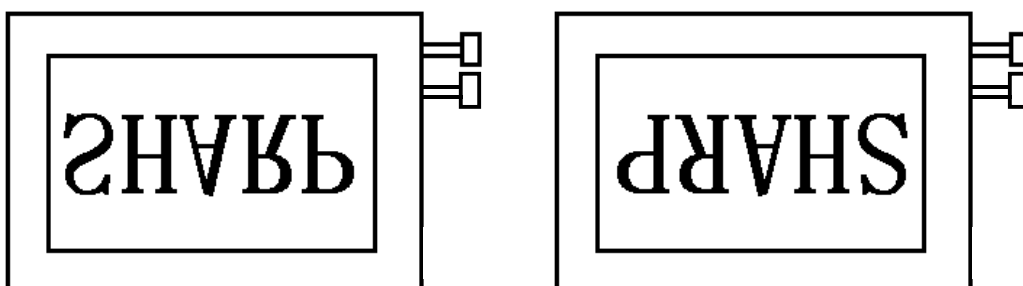
4-2. Backlight driving

Used connector : BHR-02(8.0)VS-1N (JST)

CN2, CN3   Corresponding connector : SM02(8.0)B-BHS   (JST)

Pin no.	Symbol	Function	Cable color
1	HIGH	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	Pink
2	NC	This is electrically opened.	
3	LOW	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	White

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings		Unit	Remark
Input voltage	V_I	Ta=25	0.3	Vcc 0.3		Note1
+5V supply voltage	Vcc	Ta=25	0	6		
Storage temperature	Tstg		30	70		Note2
Operating temperature (Ambient)	Topa		10	65		

Note1   CK, R0   R5, G0   G5, B0   B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB, R/L, U/L

Note2   Humidity   95%RH Max. at Ta   40   .

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39   or less at Ta>40   .

No condensation.

6. Electrical Characteristics

6-1.TFT-LCDpaneldriving   Ta 25

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.		Max.	Unit	Remark
Power Supply	Supply voltage	Vcc	+3.0	+3.3	+5.0	+5.5	V	Note1
	Current dissipation	Icc		(200)		(300)		Vcc=3.3V Note2
		Icc		(130)		(200)		Vcc=5.0V Note2
Permissive input ripple voltage		V_{RF}				100	mVp-p	
Input voltage (Low)		V_{IL}				0.8		
Input voltage (High)		V_{IH}	2.1					Note3
Input current (low)		I_{OL1}				1.0	μ	V_I=0V Note4
		I_{OL2}				10	μ	V_I=0V Note5
		I_{OL3}	-	-		800	μ	V_I=0V Note6
Input current (High)		I_{OH1}				1.0	μ	V_I=Vcc Note7
		I_{OH2}				300	μ	V_I=Vcc Note8
		I_{OH3}				800	μ	V_I=Vcc Note9

NOTE 1
Vcc-turn-on conditions
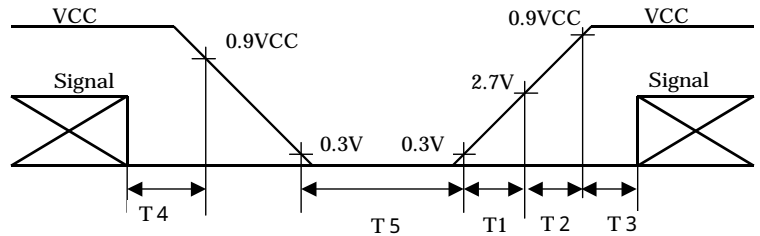
Vcc-dip conditions

Vcc-dip condition should also follow
the Vcc-turn-on conditions.
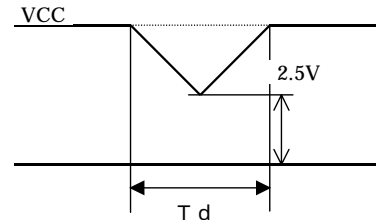
Note2   Typical current situation : 16-gray-bar pattern.
         480 line mode/Vcc=+3.3V/ 5.0V

Note3   CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync,
         ENAB, R/L, U/D

Note4   CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync,

Note5   U/D, ENAB

Note6   R/L

Note7   CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsnc, Vsync, R/L

Note8   ENAB

Note9   U/D

6-2. Backlight driving

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with single CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

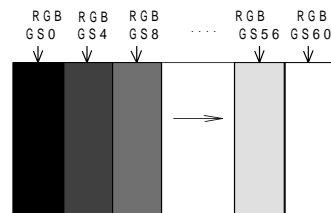The characteristics of single lamp are shown in the following table.

(It is usually required to measure under the following condition.

condition:IL=6.0mA,Ta=25 ± 2 ,FL=60kHz.)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Lamp current	I_L	2.0	6.0	6.5	mArms	Note1	
Lamp power consumption	P_L		(3.0)			Note2	
Lamp frequency	F_L	20	35	60	KHz	Note3	
Kick-off voltage	Vs			(950)	Vrms	Ta= 25	Note4
				(1400)	Vrms	Ta = 0	Note4
				(1500)	Vrms	Ta = -10	Note4

[Note1] Lamp current is measured with current meter for high frequency as shown below.
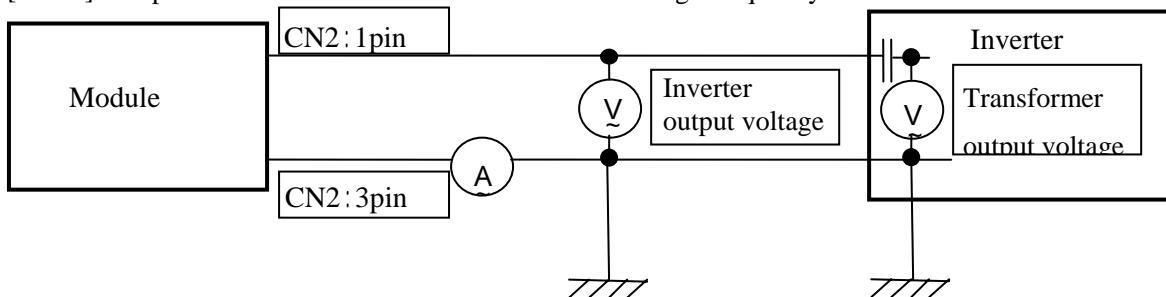
[Note2] Referential data per one CCFT by calculation. (I_L × V_L)

The data do not include loss at inverter. (I_L=6.0mArms)

[Note3] Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency,and this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached as much as possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from the harmonics of horizontal synchronous to avoid interference.

[Note4] The open output voltage of the inverter shall be maintained for more than 1s; otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

[Note5] lamp is an article of consumption. Lamp life time is 50,000 hours (reference value) on condition of the following, but this value is not guaranteed.

When lamp (the long side of LCD module) is placed horizontally (landscape position), lamp life time is defined that it applied either or under this condition.

(Continuous turning on at Ta=25 ^{o}C, I_L=6.0mA rms.)

Brightness becomes 50% of the original value under standard condition.

Kick-off voltage at Ta=-10 ^{o}C exceeds maximum value.

(Lamp lifetime may vary if lamp is in portrait position due to the change of mercury density inside the lamp.)

In case of operating under lower temp environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated and the brightness becomes lower.

(Continuous operating under lower temp condition for around 1 month may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

In case of such usage under lower temp environment, periodical lamp exchange is recommended.

[Note6] The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting,flicker, etc.) never occur. when you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

Be sure to use a back light power supply with the safety protection circuit such as the detection circuit for the excess voltage, excess current and or electric discharge waveform.

Be sure to use the detect circuit by which one side of the CCFT lamps can be controlled independently. Otherwise, when one side of the CCFT is open, the excess current may possibly be applied to the other side of the lamp.

[Note7] Under the environment of 10lx or less, miss-lighting delay may occur.

7. Timing Characteristics of input signals

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2 -   .

7-1. Timing characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Mode	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	all		25.18	28.33	MHz	
	High time	Tch		5			ns	
	Low time	Tcl		10			ns	
Data	Setup time	Tds		5			ns	
	Hold time	Tdh		10			ns	
Horizontal sync. signal	Cycle	TH		30.00	31.78		μ s	
				750	800	900	clock	
	Pulse width	THp		2	96	200	clock	
Vertical sync. signal	Cycle	TV	480	515	525	560	line	
			400	446	449	480	line	
			350	447	449	510	line	
	Pulsewidth	TVp	all	1		34	line	
Horizontal display period		THd		640	640	640	clock	
Hsync-Clock Phase difference		THc		10		Tc-10	ns	
Hsync-Vsync Phase difference		TVh		0		TH-THp	clock	

Note) In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc., may be occurred.

7-2. Horizontal display position

The horizontal display position is determined by the rising edge of ENAB signal.

Parameter		symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Enable signal	Setup time	Tes	5		Tc-10	ns	
	Pulse width	Tep	2	640	640	clock	
Hsync-Enable signal phase difference		THe	44		TH-664	clock	

Note) When ENAB is fixed "Low", the display starts from the data of C104(clock) as shown in Fig.2-   .
When the phase difference is below 104 clocks, keep the "High" level of ENAB is signal longer than 104-The clocks. If it will not be kept, the display starts from the data of C104(clock).

7-3. Vertical display position

The vertical display position is automatically centered in the active area at each mode of VGA 480, 400, and 350-line mode, when each mode is selected depending on the polarity of the synchronous signals described in 4-1(Note1).

In 400- and 350-line mode, when vertical synchronous signal TV is timing other than the above-mentioned typical value, a screen display position may shift.

In 400- and 350-line mode, the data in the vertical data invalid period is also displayed, so, inputting all data "0" is recommended during vertical data invalid period.

ENAB signal has no relation to the vertical display position.

Mode	V-data start(TVs)	V-data period(TVd)	V-display start(TVn)	V-display period	Unit	Remark
480	34	480	34	480	line	
400	34	400	443-TV	480	line	
350	61	350	445-TV	480	line	

400 lines mode (TV=449)

350 lines mode (TV=449)
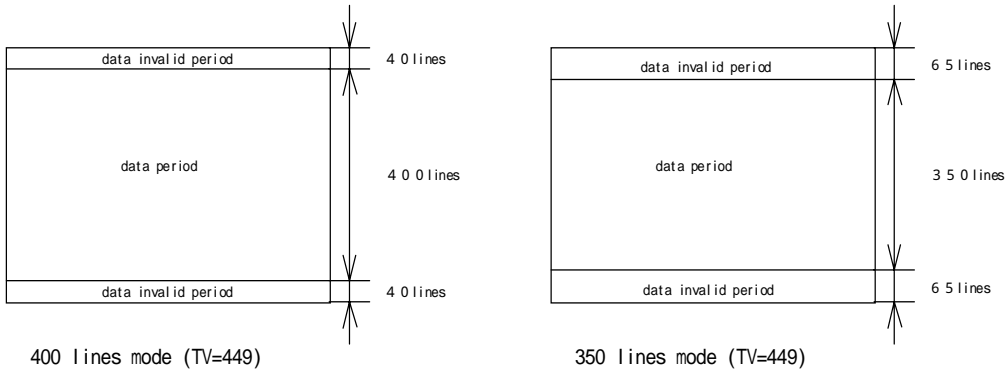
7-4. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen

Display position of input data (480 lines mode)
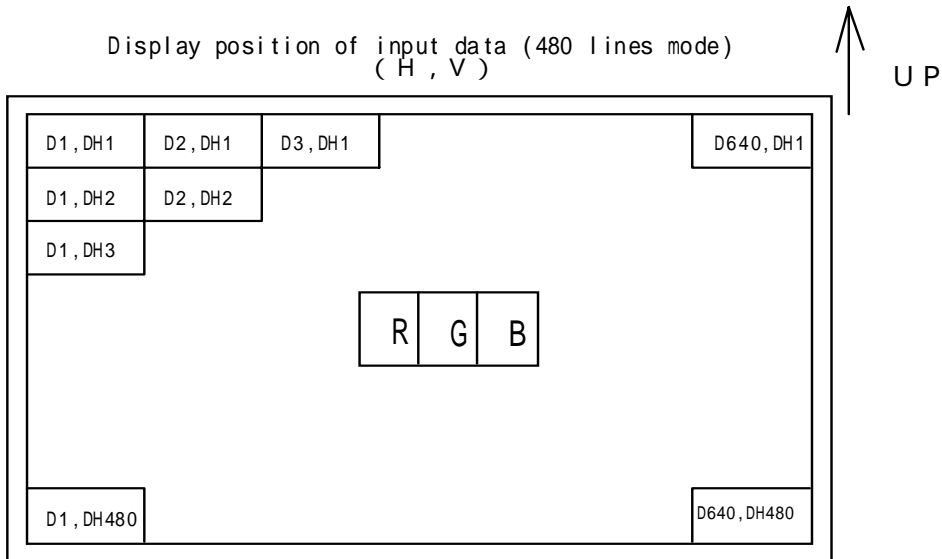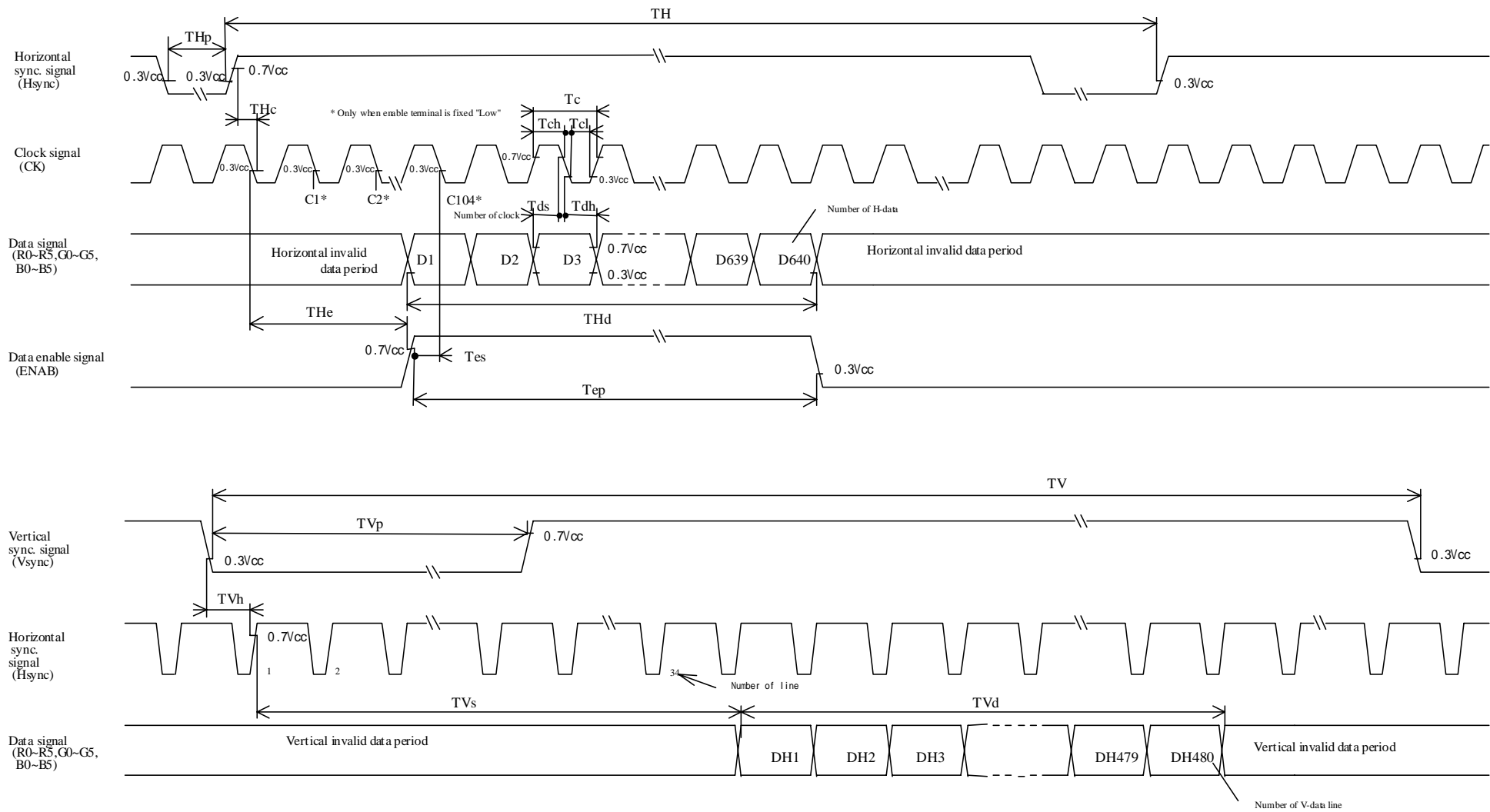
Fig 2-1 Input signal waveforms (480 line mode)

Fig.2-2 Input signal waveforms (400 line mode)

Horizontal
sync. signal
(Hsync)

Clock signal
(CK)

* Only when enable terminal (ENAB) fixed to "Low"

Data signal
(R0~R5,G0~G5,
B0~B5)

C1*

C2*
Number of clock

C104*

D1

D2

D3

D639

D640

Horizontal invalid
data period

Horizontal invalid data
period

TH

THp

THc

Tc

Tch Tcl

Tds Tdh

Number of H-data

0.7Vcc
0.3Vcc

THe

THd

Data enable signal
(ENAB)

Tes

Tep

Vertical
sync. signal
(Vsync)

TV

TVp

TVh

Horizontal
sync. signal
(Hsync)

1

2

61

Number of line

TVs

TVd

Data signal
(R0~R5,G0~G5,
B0~B5)

Vertical invalid data period

DH1

DH2

DH3

DH349

DH350

Vertical invalid data period

Number of V-data line

Fig.2-3 Input signal waveforms (350 line mode)

8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

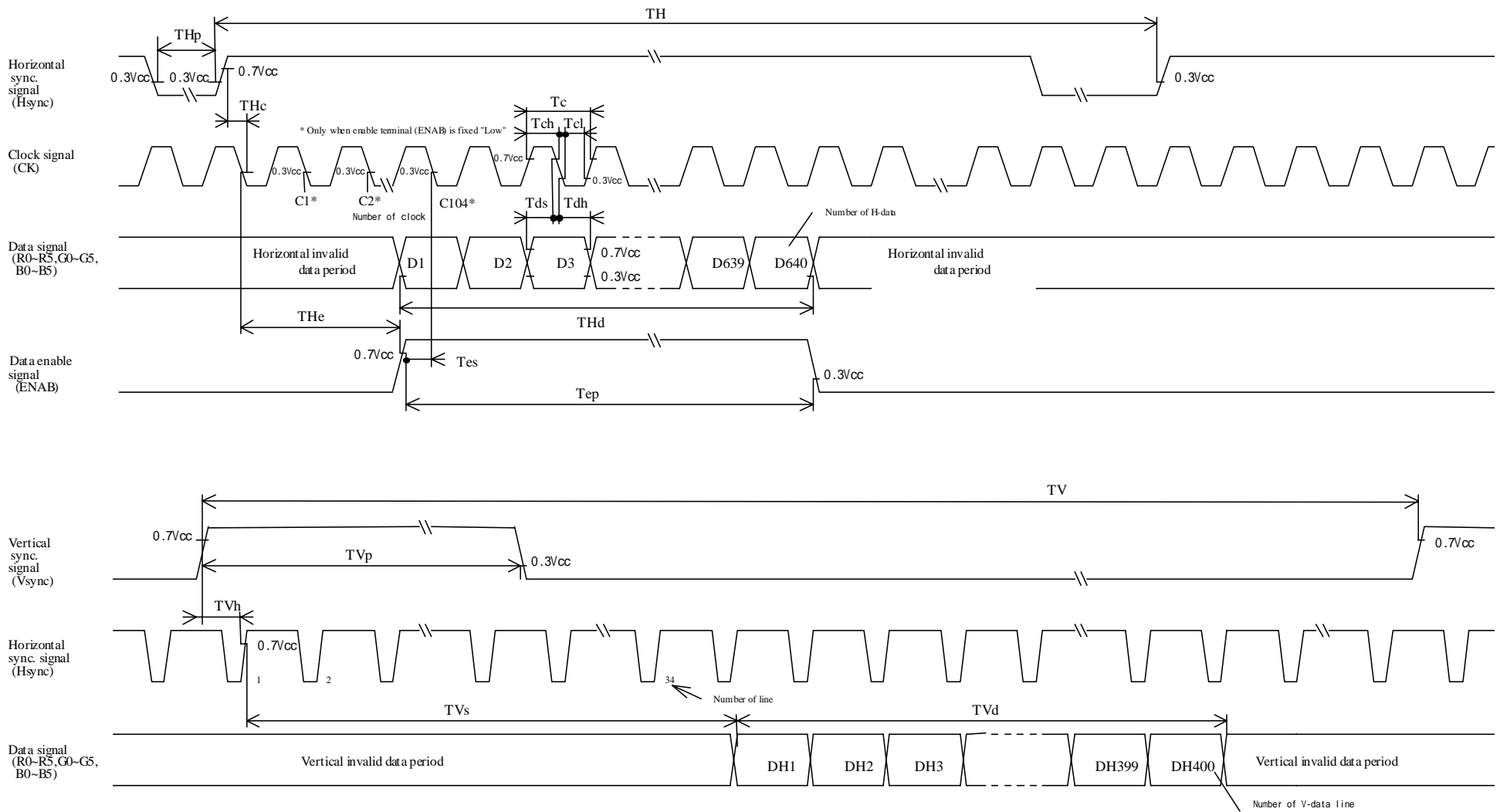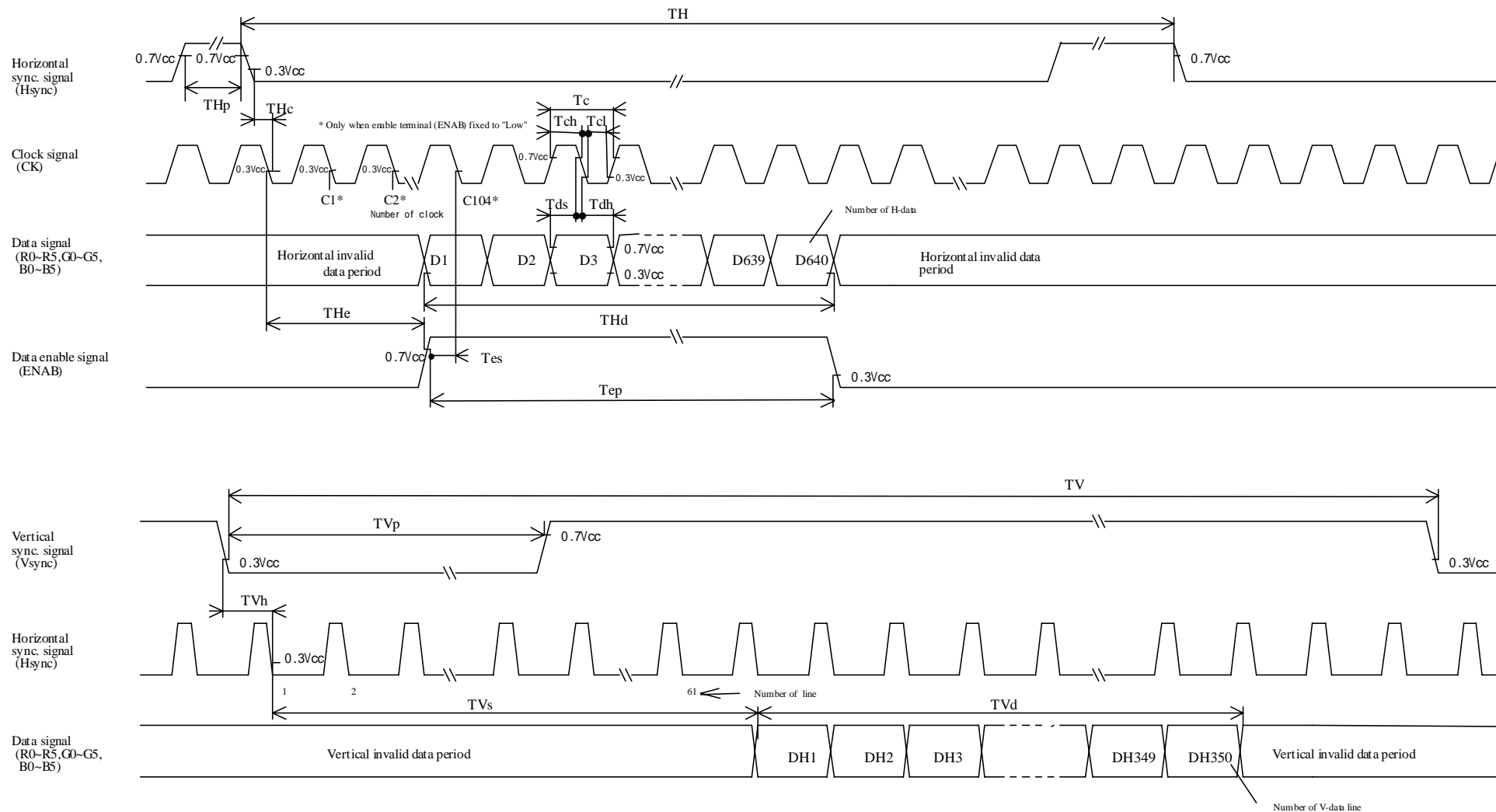|	Colors & Gray scale	Data signal																			
		Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5
Basic Color	Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta		1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale of Red	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	⇧	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	⇧	↓	↓						↓						↓					
	⇩	↓	↓						↓						↓					
	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	⇩	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Green	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	⇧	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	⇧	↓	↓						↓						↓					
	⇩	↓	↓						↓						↓					
	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	⇩	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Blue	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	⇧	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	⇧	↓	↓						↓						↓					
	⇩	↓	↓						↓						↓					
	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
	⇩	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

0 : Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

9. Optical Characteristics   Ta=25 , Vcc=+5V

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remark
Viewing Angle Range	Horizontal	θ21, θ22		60	70		Deg.	Note1,4
	Vertical	θ11		35	40		Deg.	
		θ12		55	70		Deg.	
Contrast ratio			θ= °	150				Note2,4
			Optimum Viewing Angle		300			
Response Time	Rise	τr	θ= °		10		ms	Note3,4
	Decay	τd			25		ms	
Chromaticity of White					0.313			Note4
					0.329			I_L=6.0mArms
Luminance of white				(160)	(200)		cd/m²	f=60kHz
White Unifomity						1.45		Note5
Viewing Angle range as a Brightness Definition	Horizontal	θ21, θ22	50% of the maximum brightness		(45)		Deg.	Note1
	Vertical	θ11			(35)		Deg.	
		θ12			(30)		Deg.	

The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating. (condition:I_L=6.0mArms, FL=60KHz)

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state

with the method shown in Fig.3 below.

Photodetector
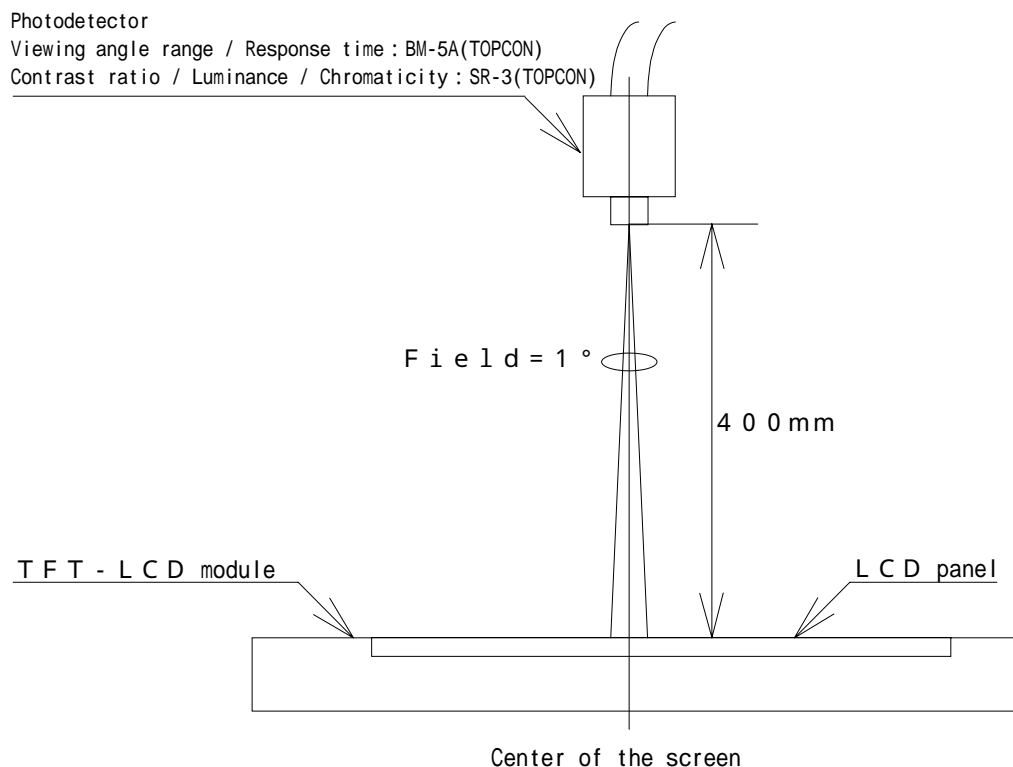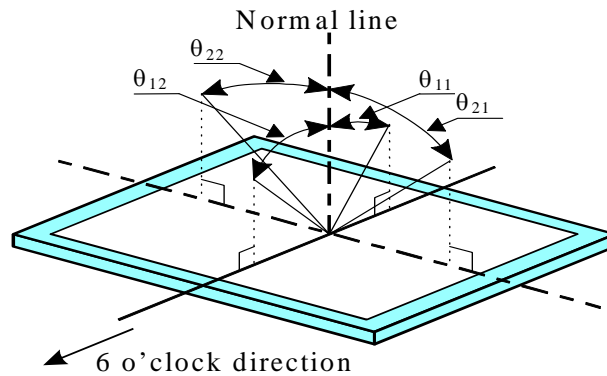Viewing angle range / Response time BM-5A(TOPCON)
Contrast ratio / Luminance / Chromaticity SR-3(TOPCON)

θ°

module   panel

Center of the screen

Fig.3 Optical characteristics measurement method

Note1　Definitions of viewing angle range:

6 o'clock direction

Note2　Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} \quad \frac{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white}}{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black}}$$

Note3　Definition of response time:

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white" .
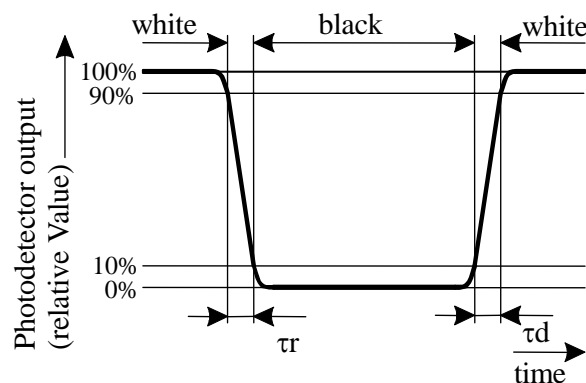
Note4　This shall be measured at center of the screen.

Note5　Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements (A　E).

$$W \quad \frac{\text{Maximum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}$$

10. Display Quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the
Incoming Inspection Standard.

11 Handling Precautions

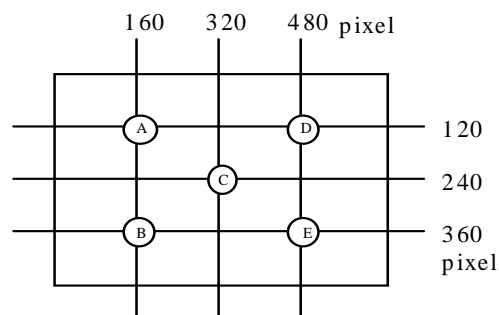a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.

b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as
warp or twist.

c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.

d) Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.

e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.

f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface.
Handle with care.

g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth
when handling. Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling electric components.

h) Since there is a circuit board in the module back, stress is not added at the time of a design assembly.
Please make it like. If stress is added, there is a possibility that circuit parts may be damaged.

i) Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched .
Peel the film off slowly, just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges.
Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.

j) The polarizer surface on the panel is treated with Anti-Glare for low reflection. In case of attaching
protective board over the LCD, be careful about the optical interface fringe etc. which degrades
display quality.

k) Do not expose the LCD panel to direct sunlight. Lightproof shade etc. should be attached when LCD panel
is used under such environment. If a light strong against a LCD panel is irradiated, it may lead to
degradation of the panel characteristic and display grace may get worse.

l) Connect GND to 4 place of mounting holes to stabilize against EMI and external noise.

m) There are high voltage portions on the backlight and very dangerous. Careless touch may lead to
electrical shock. When exchange lamps or service, turn off the power without tail.

n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term
storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas, and the use of such materials as reagent,
solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion, discoloration,
degradation of display grace, and abnormalities of operation.

o) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD panel contains a small amount of mercury, please follow local
ordinances or regulations for disposal.

p) Be careful of a back light lead not to pull by force at the time of the wiring to an inverter, or line processing.

q) When install LCD modules in the cabinet, recommended torque value is "0.294± 0.02N m
(3.0± 0.2kgf cm)".
Be sure to confirm it in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

r) Liquid crystal contained in the panel may leak if the LCD is broken. Rinse it as soon as possible if it gets
inside your eye or mouth by mistake.

s) Notice:Never dismantle the module , because it will cause failure.

t) Be careful when using it for long time with fixed pattern display as it may cause afterimage.

u) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value.
If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.

v) If a minute particle enters in the module and adheres to an optical material, it may cause display non-
uniformity issue, etc. Therefore, fine-pitch filters have to be installed to cooling and inhalation hole if you
intend to install a fan.

w) The lamp used for this product is very sensitive to the temperature. Luminance decreases rapidly when it is
used for a long time or repeatedly under the environment of the low temperature or the module is being
cooled. Please avoid the continuous or repeatedly use of it such an environment.
It may decrease up to 50% of the initial luminance in about one month under the low temperature
environment. Please consult our company when it is used under the environment like above mentioned.

12.Packing form

Product countries / Areas	JAPAN, TAIWAN, CHINA
Piling number of cartons	(TBD)
Packing quantity in one carton	(TBD)
Carton size　[mm]	(TBD)
Total mass of one carton filled with full modules	(TBD)
Packing form is shown	Fig.4(TBD)

13　Reliability test items

No.	Test item	Conditions	Remark
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=70　　240h	Panel surface
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -30　　240h	
3	High temperature & high humidity operation test	Ta=40　; 95%RH　240h (No condensation)	
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=65　　240h	Panel surface
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta= -10　　240h	
6	Vibration test (non- operating)	Frequency: 10　57Hz/Vibration width (one side):0.075mm ：58　500Hz/Gravity:9.8m/s^2 Sweep time : 11 minutes Test period : 3 hours (1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z)	
7	Shock test (non- operating)	Max. gravity : 490m/s^2 Pulse width : 11ms, half sine wave Direction : ± X,± Y,± Z　　once for each direction.	
8	ESD test	Contact discharge　　(150pF 330　) non-operating = ± 10kV, operating = ± 8kV Atmospheric discharge　(150pF 330　) non-operating = ± 20kV, operating = ± 15kV	
9	EMI	Measurement in 10m site Display position on the screen = "H"(full-screen) GND to 4 place = un-connect, Vcc / Vsignal = typ.	VCCI (Class B)

[Result Evaluation Criteria]
　Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change
　which may affect practical display function. (normal operation state　Temperature:15　35　,
　Humidity:45　75　, Atmospheric pressure:86　106kpa)

14.Others
14-1 Lot No. Label:

Model number

SHARP
MADE IN JAPAN

Barcode

Barcode

7X00600001

Product countries / Areas	
Japan	MADE IN JAPAN
Taiwan	MADE IN TAIWAN
China	MADE IN CHINA

Lot Number

* Discernment code

( ) ( ) (0) ( ) (6) ( ) ( ) (0) (0) (1)

Serial No. (5 digits)

Assembly site code

Discernment code

Production month (1-9X, Y, Z)

Production year (Last digit of dominical year)

14-2 Packing box Label:

Quantity of module : Japan or China

Quantity of module : Taiwan

LQ10D36A

Barcode

Barcode

Barcode

Model number

Lot number (DATE)

Quantity of module

TYPE	LQ10D36A
QUANTITY	20pcs
DATE	2007.12.1

The following figure is written to the container box RoHS Compliance corresponded.

Internal Use Only
. .

R.C. (RoHS Compliance) means these parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

14-3 If any problem occurs in relation to the description of this technical literature, it shall be resolved through discussion with spirit of cooperation.

SEE DETAIL A

THE SHEET OF ALUMINUM

246.5
126.5
122.2

BEZEL OPENING
(214.6X162.4)

ACTIVE AREA
(211.2X158.4)

ACTIVE AREA CENTER

166.6±0.3
179.4

91.1
84.75
77.5

113.6

105.6(ACTIVE AREA)   105.6(ACTIVE AREA)
107.3(BEZEL OPENING)   107.3(BEZEL OPENING)

81.2(BEZEL OPENING)
79.2(ACTIVE AREA)

81.2(BEZEL OPENING)
79.2(ACTIVE AREA)

51.5
132.6±0.3
60.2
67.75

SEE DETAIL B
118.5
234±0.3
SEE DETAIL C

90 +18 -18

CN2
1 HOT
3 GND

SEE DETAIL D

11max
5.6
2.5±0.3

2.5±0.3
5.6
10.15

LOT NUMBER LABEL
THE SHEET OF ALUMINUM   ENVIRONMENT LABEL

SHARP
LQ10D368
H8700001 A
MADE IN JAPAN

117.5

20.9
5.7
3.7

SEE DETAIL F

CN1

8.15

MAX
H=8.15
H=4

H=6

4.6
6.5

H=6

5.6
2.5±0.3

H=0

5.6
2.5±0.3

3.2±0.5
(I/F PRINTED
WIRING BOARD)

7.0

2.5±0.3
5.6

CN1:DF9MA-31P-1V

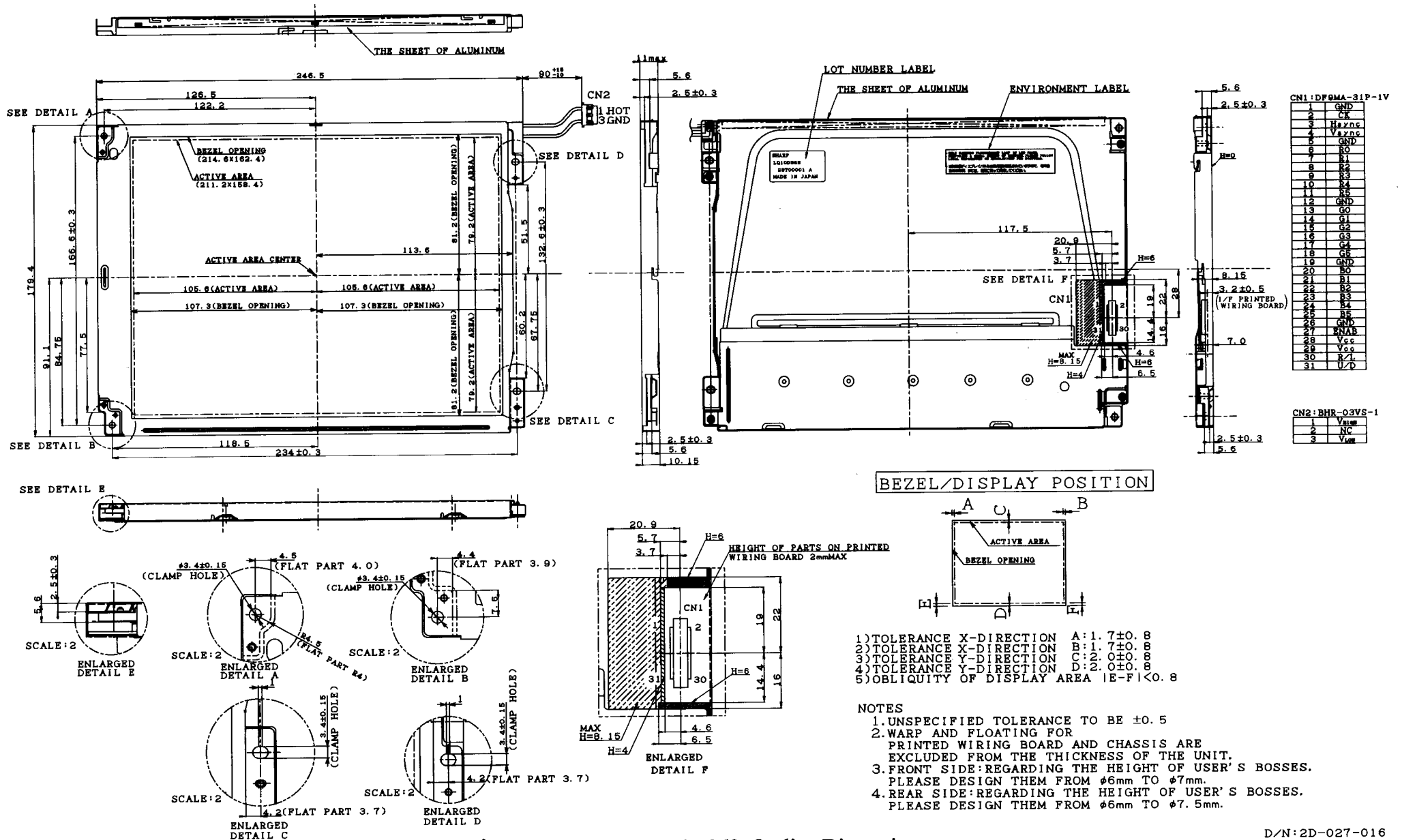| 1 | GND |
2	CK
3	Hsync
4	Vsync
5	GND
6	R0
7	R1
8	R2
9	R3
10	R4
11	R5
12	GND
13	G0
14	G1
15	G2
16	G3
17	G4
18	G5
19	GND
20	B0
21	B1
22	B2
23	B3
24	B4
25	B5
26	GND
27	ENAB
28	Vcc
29	Vcc
30	R/L
31	U/D

CN2:BHR-03VS-1

1	Vss
2	NC
3	Vdd

SEE DETAIL E

ENLARGED DETAIL E   SCALE:2

2.5±0.3
5.6

4.5
(FLAT PART 4.0)
φ3.4±0.15
(CLAMP HOLE)

ENLARGED DETAIL A   SCALE:2

R4.5
(FLAT PART R4)

φ3.4±0.15
(CLAMP HOLE)

4.4
(FLAT PART 3.9)

ENLARGED DETAIL B   SCALE:2

3.4±0.15
(CLAMP HOLE)

ENLARGED DETAIL C   SCALE:2

4.2(FLAT PART 3.7)

3.4±0.15
(CLAMP HOLE)

4.2(FLAT PART 3.7)

ENLARGED DETAIL D   SCALE:2

20.9
5.7
3.7

H=6

HEIGHT OF PARTS ON PRINTED
WIRING BOARD 2mmMAX

CN1

19
22
14.4
16

MAX
H=8.15
H=4

4.6
6.5

H=6

ENLARGED DETAIL F

BEZEL/DISPLAY POSITION

A   B

ACTIVE AREA
BEZEL OPENING

C   D

1)TOLERANCE X-DIRECTION A:1.7±0.8
2)TOLERANCE X-DIRECTION B:1.7±0.8
3)TOLERANCE Y-DIRECTION C:2.0±0.8
4)TOLERANCE Y-DIRECTION D:2.0±0.8
5)OBLIQUITY OF DISPLAY AREA |E-F|<0.8

NOTES
1.UNSPECIFIED TOLERANCE TO BE ±0.5
2.WARP AND FLOATING FOR
  PRINTED WIRING BOARD AND CHASSIS ARE
  EXCLUDED FROM THE THICKNESS OF THE UNIT.
3.FRONT SIDE:REGARDING THE HEIGHT OF USER'S BOSSES.
  PLEASE DESIGN THEM FROM φ6mm TO φ7mm.
4.REAR SIDE:REGARDING THE HEIGHT OF USER'S BOSSES.
  PLEASE DESIGN THEM FROM φ6mm TO φ7.5mm.

(Reference) Fig.1 LQ10D368 Outline Dimensions

D/N:2D-027-016